## USN



10ME71

## Seventh Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2015/Jan. 2016 Engineering Economy

Time: 3 hrs.
Max. Marks:100

## Note: 1. Answer any FIVE full questions, selecting atleast TWO questions from each part. 2. Interest tables are allowed.

PART - A

1 a. With an example, explain problem solving process.
(06 Marks)
b. Sketch and explain cash flow diagram for borrower's and lender's point of view. (06 Marks)
c. A person is planning for his retired life. He has 10 more years of service. He would like to deposit $20 \%$ of his salary, which is ₹ $4,000 /-$ in the first year and thereafter he wishes to deposit with an annual increase of ₹ $500 /$ - for the next 9 years with interest rate of $15 \%$. Find the total amount at the end of $10^{\text {th }}$ year of the above series.

## (08 Marks)

2 a. List the conditions for the present worth comparison.
(04 Marks)
b. Investment proposals A and B have the net cash flow given below :

| Proposal | End of Years |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| A (₹) | $-10,000$ | 3,000 | 3,000 | 7,000 | 6,000 |
| B (₹) | $-10,000$ | 6,000 | 6,000 | 3,000 | 3,000 |

Compare the present worth of A and B at $\mathrm{i}=18 \%$ and which proposal should be selected.
c. Two motor bikes of brand ' X ' and ' Y ' are available on the following conditions :
i) Motor bike ' X ' - Make a down payment of ₹ $5,000 /$ - and then ₹ $6,000 /$ - at the end of each year for 7 years.
ii) Motor bike 'Y' - Make a down payment of ₹ $15,000 /$ - and no payment for the next 4 years. At the end of $5^{\text {th }}, 6^{\text {th }}$ and $7^{\text {th }}$ year. Payments of ₹ $12,000 /$ - is made. Compare the future worth of Motorbike ' X ' and ' Y ' at an interest rate of $10 \%$.
(08 Marks)
3 a. Define the following: i) Ownership life ii) Economic life. (04 Marks)
b. Two models of small machines perform the same function. Type 1 machine has a low initial cost of ₹ $9,500 /$ - and relatively high operating costs of ₹ $1,900 /$ - year more than those of Type 2 machine, and a short life of 4 years. The more expensive Type 2 machine costs ₹ 25,100 - and can be kept in service economically for 8 years. Which machine is preferred when the MARR is $8 \%$ using Equivalent Annual cost method?
(08 Marks)
c. A company invests in one of the two mutually exclusive alternatives. The life of both alternatives is estimated to be 5 years with the following cash flows :
(08 Marks)

| Cash flows | Alternative |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | A | B |
| Investment (₹) | -1.5 lakhs | -1.75 lakhs |
| Annual return $(₹)$ | 60,000 | 70,000 |
| Salvage value (₹) | 15,000 | 35,000 |

Determine the best alternative based on the annual equivalent method by assuming $\mathrm{i}=25 \%$.
4 a. Define MARR, IRR and ERR.
(03 Marks)
b. Define the term depreciation and what are the causes for it.
(04 Marks)
c. Net cash flows for the business proposal are given below. Calculate the rate of return for the new business.
(05 Marks)

| Year | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cash flow $(₹)$ | $-10,000$ | 3,000 | 3,000 | 3,000 | 3,000 | 3,000 |

d. A CNC machine costs ₹ $30,00,000$ is estimated to serve for 8 years after which its salvage value is ₹ $2,50,000$. Calculate i) Depreciation fund at the end of $5^{\text {th }}$ year by straight line method and declining balance method.
ii) Book value of the machine after $4^{\text {th }}$ and $6^{\text {th }}$ year by declining balance method. ( 08 Marks)

## PART - B

a. List and briefly explain different elements of cost required for finding selling price of the product.
(06 Marks)
b. A certain piece of work is produced by a firm in batches of 100 . The Direct material cost for the batch is ₹ 160 and Direct labour cost is ₹ 200 . Factory on cost is $35 \%$ of the total material and labour cost. Overhead charges are $20 \%$ of the factory cost. Calculate the Prime cost and factory cost, if the management wants to make a profit of $10 \%$ of total cost, determine the selling price of each article.
(06 Marks)
c. A C.I stepped cone pulley is shown in fig. Q5(c). Method cost $=₹ 20 / \mathrm{kg}$. Calculate the material cost of Pulley by assuming density of C.I $=7.209 \mathrm{gm} / \mathrm{c} . \mathrm{c}$.
(08 Marks)

## Fig.Q5(c)



All dimensions are in mm .

6 a. What is Journal and ledger? Explain with a suitable example.
(06 Marks)
b. List the important differences between balance sheet and profit / loss account.
c. A company ' $Z$ ' has certain reserves and surplus as per the details given below as on $31^{\text {st }}$ March 2014. (Amounts are in ₹).

| Dividend Payable | 72,000 | Debtors | $1,60,000$ |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| Bank balance | 10,000 | Bills Payable | 20,000 |
| Equity shares | $2,00,000$ | Plant \& Equipment | 80,000 |
| Provision for taxes | 40,000 | Bills receivable | 20,000 |
| Stock | 77,000 | Creditors | 55,000 |
| Preference shares | $1,35,000$ | General reserve | 40,000 |
| Land \& building | $2,00,000$ | Cash in hand | 15,000 |

Prepare a balance sheet for the company Z as on $31^{\text {st }}$ March 2014.
b. A company ABC is presented a balance sheet as on $31^{\text {st }}$ Dec 2013 is given below :

| Liabilities | Amount $(₹)$ | Assets | Amount $(₹)$ |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| Creditors | 20,000 | Cash at bank | 15,380 |
| Bills payable | 12,750 | Trade debtors | 11,260 |
| Debentures | $1,00,000$ | Stock in hand | 56,160 |
|  | Reserves | 67,250, | Fixed assets |
|  | $2,17,200$ |  |  |
| Share capital | $1,00,000$ |  |  |

Net sales - ₹ $1,80,000$; Net profit - ₹ 16,000 ; Gross profit - ₹ 40,000 .
Calculate i) Current ratio ii) Operating ratio iii) Gross profit ratio
iv) Proprietary ratio v) Debtor's turnover ratio.
(10 Marks)
8 a. List the important objectives of profit planning.
(06 Marks)
( $\mathbf{1 0}$ Marks)
(04 Marks)

# Seventh Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2015/Jan. 2016 Mechanical Vibrations 

Time: 3 hrs.
Max. Marks:100
Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, selecting atleast TWO questions from each part.
PART - A
1 a. Add the following harmonic motion and check the solution graphically:
$x_{1}=2 \cos (w t+0.5) \quad x_{2}=5 \sin (w t+1.0)$.
(10 Marks)
b. Represent the periodic motion given in the following fig.Q1(b) by harmonic series.
(10 Marks)

Fig.Q1(b)


2 a. Determine the natural frequency of undamped free vibration system using energy method.
b. Determine the natural frequency of the system shown in fig. Q2(b).
(07 Marks)

Fig.Q2(b)

c. A semicircular disc of radius ' $R$ ' and mass ' $m$ ' is pivoted freely about the center as shown in fig. Q2(c). Determine its natural frequency of oscillation for small displacement. Use energy method.
(07 Marks)

Fig.Q2(c)


3 a. A spring mass damper system consists of a spring of stiffness $343 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m}$. The mass is 3.43 kg . The mass is displaced 20 mm beyond the equilibrium position and released. Find the equation of motion for the system, if the damping coefficient of the dash pot is $13.72 \mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{sec} / \mathrm{m}$.
( 10 Marks)
b. A spring mass damper system is having a mass of 10 kg and a spring of such stiffness which causes a static deflection of 5 mm . The amplitude of vibration reduces to $1 / 4$ the initial value in 10 oscillations, determine i) Logarithmic decrement ii) Actual damping present in the system iii) Damped natural frequency.
(10 Marks)
4 a. Define "transmissibility". Derive an expression for motion transmissibility.
(10 Marks)
b. A machine of mass 500 kg is supported on spring of stiffness $10^{6} \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m}$. if the machine has a rotating unbalance of $0.25 \mathrm{Kg}-\mathrm{m}$, determine i) The force transmitted to the floor at 1200 rpm ii) The dynamic amplitude at this speed iii) The phase angle.
(10 Marks)

## PART - B

a. Mention the instruments used to measure displacement and acceleration. Discuss the relevant frequency response curves.
(10 Marks)
b. A rotor of mass 12 kg is mounted midway on a 25 mm diameter horizontal shaft supported at the ends by two bearings. The span between the bearing is 900 mm . Because of some manufacturing defect the Cg of the rotor is 0.02 mm away from geometric centre of rotor. If the system rotates at 3000 rpm , determine the amplitude of steady state vibrations and dynamic force on the bearing. Take $\mathrm{E}=200 \mathrm{Gpa}$.
(10 Marks)
a. For the system shown in fig. Q6(a), i) Derive the equation of motion ii) Setup frequency equation and obtain natural frequencies of the system iii) Obtain modal vectors iv) Draw mode shapes. Neglect the inertia of wheels and friction between wheel and surface.
(12 Marks)
Fig.Q6(a)

b. Explain the principle of undamped dynamic vibration absorbers. Obtain an expression for $\frac{X_{1}}{X_{s t}}$ for main mass and $\frac{X_{2}}{X_{s t}}$ for absorber mass.
(08 Marks)

7 a. Find the lowest natural frequency of vibration for the system shown in Fig. Q7(a), by Rayleigh's method. $\mathrm{E}=1.96 \times 10^{11} \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m}^{2}, \mathrm{I}=4 \times 10^{-7} \mathrm{~m}^{4}$.
(08 Marks)
Fig.Q7(a)

b. Using Stodola's method, determine the fundamental mode of vibration and its natural frequency of the spring mass system shown in fig. Q7(b).
(12 Marks)

Fig.Q7(b)

a. Explain the role of
i) Exciter ii) Transducer
iii) Signal conditioner and iv) Analyzer used in experimental modal analysis.
b. Explain briefly dynamic testing of machines.
c. Describe the three types of maintenance schemes given below :
i) Break down maintenance
ii) Preventive maintenance
iii) Condition based
(08 Marks)


## Seventh Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2015/Jan. 2016 Non - Conventional Energy Sources

Time: 3 hrs.
Max. Marks: 100
Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, selecting atleast TWO questions from each part.

## PART - A

1 a. Explain Tar sands and oil shale as energy sources and also mention their limitations.
(10 Marks)
b. What is the need for alternate energy sources? Explain by considering solar energy.
(05 Marks)
c. Discuss the limitations of non - conventional sources of energy.
(05 Marks)
2 a. Define the following: i) Latitude ii) Declination angle iii) Surface azimuth angle iv) Hour angle v) Zenith angle.
(10 Marks)
b. With a neat sketch, explain the working of pyranometer. ( $\mathbf{0 5} \mathrm{Marks}$ )
c. Write short notes on spectral distribution of extra terrestrial radiation. (05 Marks)

3 a. Calculate the monthly average hourly radiation falling on a flat plate collector facing south $\left(\gamma=0^{0}\right)$ with a slope of $15^{0}$, given the following data
Location : Chennai ( $13^{0} 00^{\prime} \mathrm{N}$ ) ; Month: October
Time : 1100 to 1200 (LAT) ; $\quad \overline{\mathrm{I}}_{\mathrm{g}}: 2408 \mathrm{~kJ} / \mathrm{m}^{2}-\mathrm{h} \quad ; \quad \overline{\mathrm{I}}_{\mathrm{d}}: 1073 \mathrm{~kJ} / \mathrm{m}^{2}-\mathrm{h}$.
Assume ground reflectivity to be 0.2 .
(10 Marks)
b. Describe solar pond for solar energy collection and storage.
(06 Marks)
c. Explain how solar energy can be used for drying, with a neat sketch.
(04 Marks)
4 a. Explain briefly the parameters affecting the performance of flat plate collectors. (06 Marks)
b. Derive the expression for transmissivity based on reflection - refraction at the interface of two media.
(08 Marks)
c. Write short notes on collector efficiency factor and collector heat removal factor
(06 Marks)

## PART - B

5 a. Describe the main considerations in selecting the site for wind generators.
(08 Marks)
b. Explain with a neat sketch, the working of a photo - voltaic cell. Draw $\mathrm{I}-\mathrm{V}$ characteristics.
(06 Marks)
c. With a neat sketch, explain the horizontal axis wind machine.
(06 Marks)
6 a. With a neat sketch and T- S diagram, explain the concept of liquid dominated total flow system of generating geothermal energy.
(08 Marks)
b. Explain with a neat sketch, the working principle of closed cycle OTEC plant. ( $\mathbf{0 6}$ Marks)
c. Sketch and explain single basin type tidal power plant operation.
(06 Marks)
7 a. Explain the process of photosynthesis. What are the conditions which are necessary for it?
(06 Marks)
b. List the factors affecting bio gas generation.
(04 Marks)
c. Sketch and explain the working of floating gas holder type biogas plant used in India (KVIC plant).
8 a. Explain the process of electrolytic production of hydrogen, with a neat sketch.
(08 Marks)
b. Explain briefly the different methods of hydrogen storage.
(06 Marks)
c. Describe how hydrogen can be used as an alternative fuel for motor vehicles.
(06 Marks)

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# Seventh Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2015/Jan. 2016 Product Life Cycle Management 

Time: 3 hrs .
Max. Marks: 100
Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, selecting atleast TWO questions from each part.

## PART - A

1 a. Define components of PLM and explain phases of PLM.
(10 Marks)
b. What are the threads of PLM? Explain in detail.
(10 Marks)
2 a. Explain the characteristics of PLM.
(10 Marks)
b. List out the drivers of PLM and explain.
(10 Marks)
3 a. Explain Product Data Management (PDM) system and reason for implementing PDM in a organisation.
b. Explain :
i) Versioning
ii) Check - in
iii) Check - out
iv) Views
v) Work flow.
(10 Marks)
4 a. How collaborative product development can be achieved effectively using product reuse? Explain with example.
(10 Marks)
b. What is the use of digital mock - up and prototype development in product development.
(10 Marks)

## PART - B

5 a. Steps involved in creation of 3DXML using CAD drawing and explain.
(10 Marks)
b. How to create an animation for assembly instruction using a composer?
(10 Marks)
6 a. How to optimize the product and parametrization of product design?
(10 Marks)
b. What are the uses of publication, parameters, formula, rule, check in design of product?
(10 Marks)
7 a. What is digital manufacturing and benefit of digital manufacturing?
(10 Marks)
b. Explain :-i) Virtual learning curve the first one.
ii) Manufacturing the rest
iii) Manufacturing
(10 Marks)

8 a. What are the PLM implementation strategies?
(10 Marks)
b. Explain : i) Impact of strategy
ii) Infrastructure assessment.
(10 Marks)

